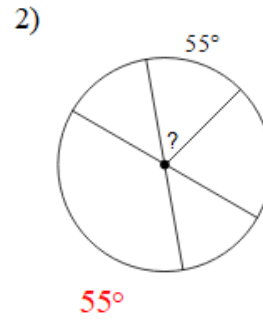
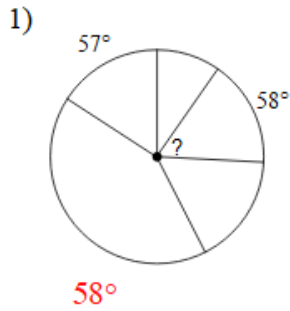
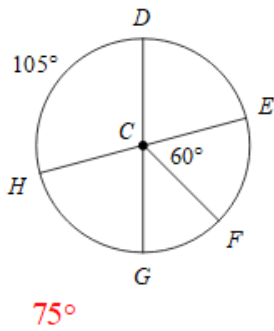


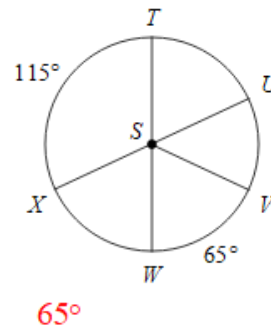
Find the measure of the arc or central angle indicated. Assume that lines which appear to be diameters are actual diameters.



3) $m\angle DCE$

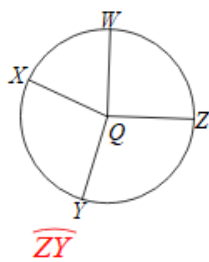


4) $m\angle WSX$

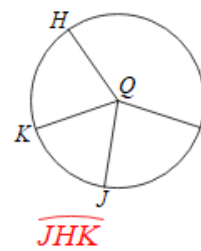


Name the arc made by the given angle.

5) $\angle ZQY$



6) Major arc for $\angle JQK$



Learning Goal: Today I will learn how to find the length of an arc and the area of a sector.

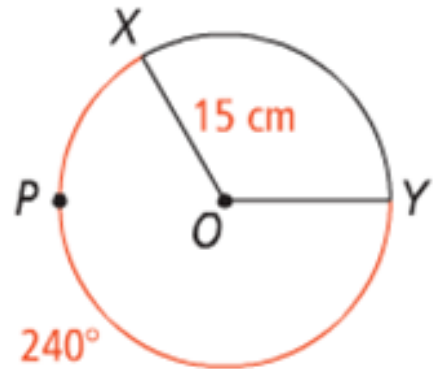
Success Criteria: I am able to calculate the length of an arc and the sector area.

10-7 Area of Circles and Sectors

*Arc Length

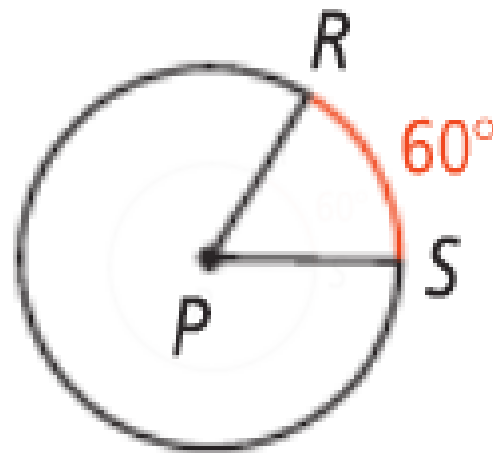
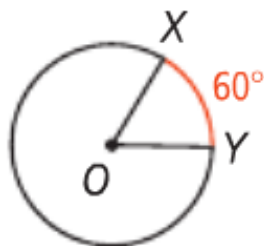
ys

A **fraction** of a circle's **circumference**.



Congruent arcs ys

Arcs that have the **same** measure and are in the **same** circle or in **congruent** circles.



Have the same length and measure. (Circles must be congruent)

Theorem 10-9 Circumference of a Circle gs

The circumference of a circle is **two** times the **radius and pi**.

$$C = 2\pi r$$

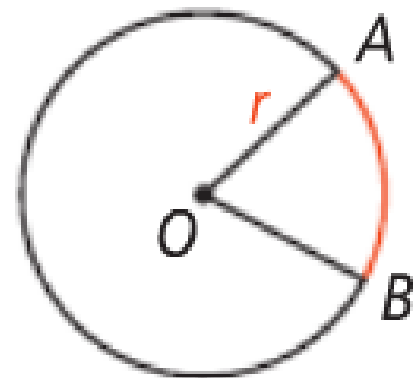
Theorem 10-10

Arc Length

gs

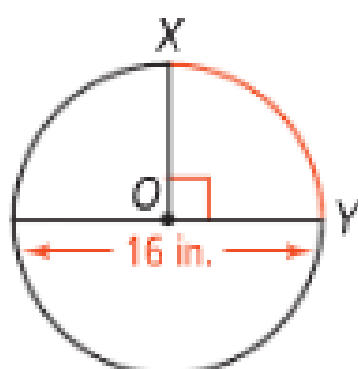
The length of an arc of a circle is the **product** of the ratio measure of the arc and the **circumference** of the ³⁶⁰ **circle**.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{length of } \widehat{AB} &= \frac{m\widehat{AB}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r \\ &= \frac{m\widehat{AB}}{360} \cdot \pi d \end{aligned}$$



What is the length of each arc shown in red? Leave your answer in terms of π .

A



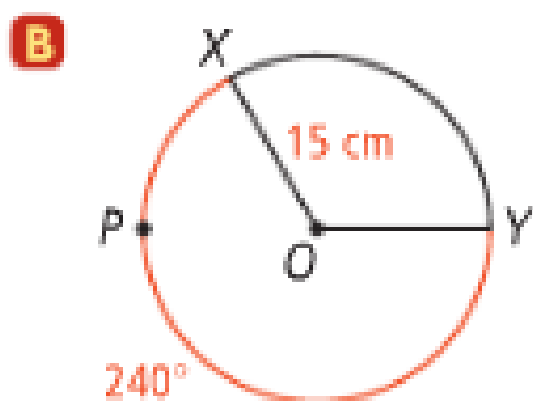
$$\begin{aligned}\text{length of } \widehat{XY} &= \frac{m\widehat{XY}}{360} \cdot \pi d \\ &= \frac{90}{360} \cdot \pi(16) \\ &= 4\pi \text{ in.}\end{aligned}$$

Use a formula
for arc length.

Substitute.

Simplify.

What is the length of each arc shown in red? Leave your answer in terms of π .



$$\begin{aligned}\text{length of } \widehat{XPY} &= \frac{m\widehat{XPY}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r \\ &= \frac{240}{360} \cdot 2\pi(15) \\ &= 20\pi \text{ cm}\end{aligned}$$

*Sector of a Circle

ys

A region bounded by an **arc** of the circle and the **2 radii** to the arc's endpoints.



Sector RPS

Theorem 10-11 Area of a Circle

gs

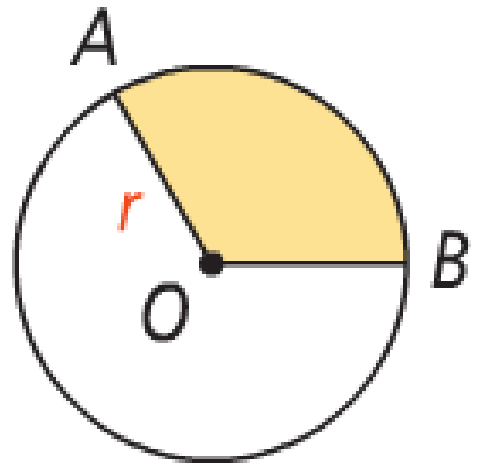
The area of a circle is the product of **pi** and the **radius** of the **circle**.

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Theorem 10-12 Area of a Sector gs

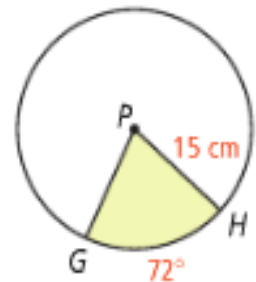
The area of a sector of a circle is the **product** of the ratio $\frac{\text{measure of the arc}}{360}$ and the **area** of the **circle**.

$$\text{Area of sector } AOB = \frac{m\widehat{AB}}{360} \cdot \pi r^2$$



What is the area of sector GPH ? Leave your answer in terms of π .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area of sector } GPH &= \frac{m\widehat{GH}}{360} \cdot \pi r^2 \\ &= \frac{72}{360} \cdot \pi(15)^2 && \text{Substitute 72 for } m\widehat{GH} \text{ and 15 for } r. \\ &= 45\pi && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$



The area of sector GPH is $45\pi \text{ cm}^2$.

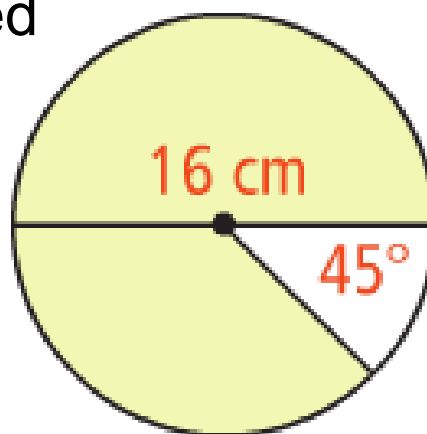
Got It? 2. A circle has a radius of 4 in. What is the area of a sector bounded by a 45° minor arc? Leave your answer in terms of π .

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{45}{360} \pi (4)^2 \\ &\frac{45}{360} (16) \pi \\ \text{area} &= 2\pi \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

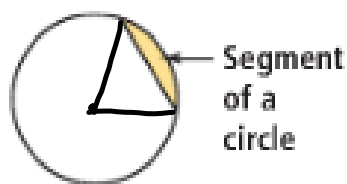
Area of Circles and Sectors

What is the area of the shaded sector?

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{315}{360} \cdot \pi(8)^2 \\ & 56\pi \text{ cm}^2 \\ & 175.9 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



How could you find a segment of a circle?



Take note

Key Concept Area of a Segment



Area of sector

−



Area of triangle

=



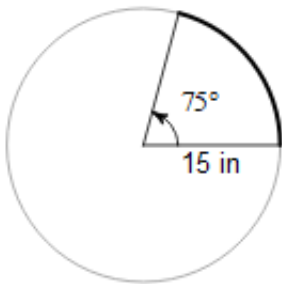
Area of segment

A part of a circle bounded by an arc and the segment joining its endpoints

Closure: Today I learned how to find the area of a sector.

Find the length of each arc. Round your answers to the nearest tenth.

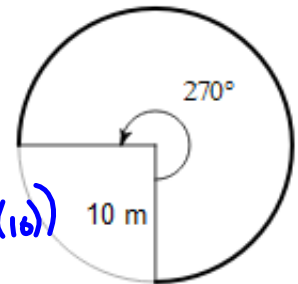
1)



$$\frac{75}{360} (2\pi(15))$$

19.6 in

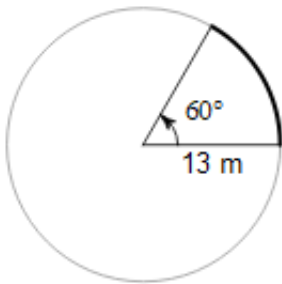
2)



$$\frac{270}{360} \cdot (2\pi(10))$$

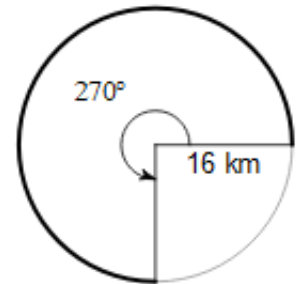
47.1 m

3)



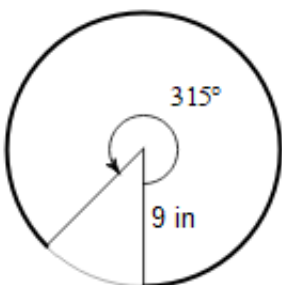
13.6 m

4)



75.4 km

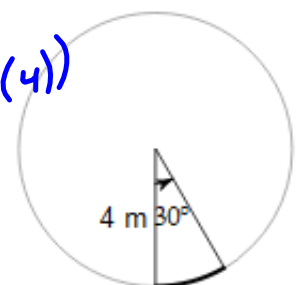
5)



$$\frac{315}{360} (2\pi(9))$$

49.5 in

6)

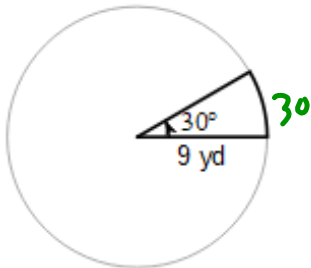


$$\frac{30}{360} (2\pi(4))$$

2.1 m

Find the area of each sector. Round your answers to the nearest tenth.

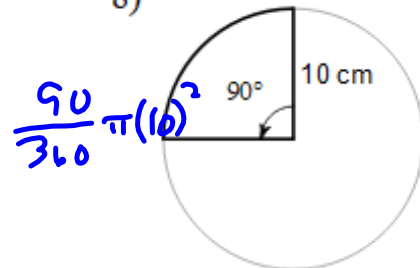
7)



$$\frac{30}{360} (\pi (9)^2)$$

21.2 yd²

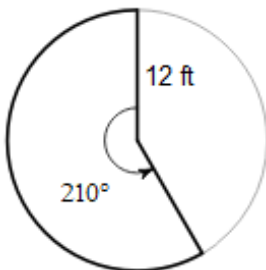
8)



$$\frac{90}{360} \pi (10)^2$$

78.5 cm²

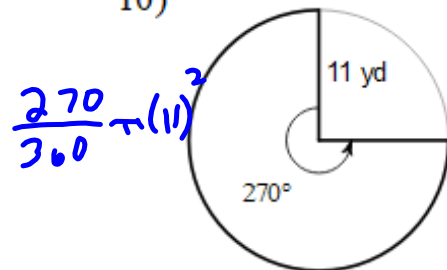
9)



$$\frac{210}{360} \pi (12)^2$$

263.9 ft²

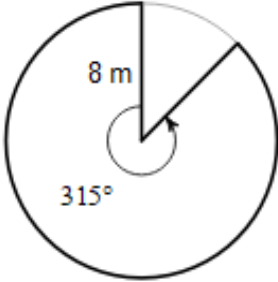
10)



$$\frac{270}{360} \pi (11)^2$$

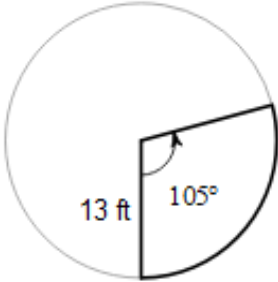
285.1 yd²

11)



175.9 m²

12)



154.9 ft²

