

Warm Up

Differentiate each function with respect to x .

$$1) \ y = \frac{5x^3 - 1}{5x^4 + 5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(5x^4 + 5) \cdot 15x^2 - (5x^3 - 1) \cdot 20x^3}{(5x^4 + 5)^2} \\ &= \frac{-5x^6 + 4x^3 + 15x^2}{5x^8 + 10x^4 + 5} \end{aligned}$$

The Chain Rule "Skin and Guts"

Objective: You will be able to:

- find the derivative of composite functions

Composite Function: $f(g(x))$

$f(x)$ = the "skin"

$g(x)$ = the "guts"

Identify $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ for the following functions:

$$(x^2 + 1)^3 \quad f(x) = x^3$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 3x} \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$g(x) = x^2 - 3x$$

$$\frac{3}{(x - 4x^3)^2} \quad f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$g(x) = x - 4x^3$$

Chain Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx} [f(g(x))] = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

**"derivative of the outer (skin) with the inner (guts)
in tact, times the derivative of the inner (guts)"**

Still need to remember and apply other rules as they come up.

Don't forget

- Power
- Product
- Quotient

Ex. 1

has chain and power

$$y = (x^2 + 1)^3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(x^2 + 1)^2 (2x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x(x^2 + 1)^2$$

Ex. 2

has chain and power

$$f(x) = (2x - 4x^2)^4$$

$$dy/dx = 4(2x - 4x^2)^3 (2 - 8x)$$

$$dy/dx = (2x - 4x^2)^3 (8 - 32x)$$

Ex. 3

has chain and power

$$y = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x} = (x^2 - 3x)^{1/2}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 3x)^{-1/2} (2x - 3)$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2 - 3x)^{-1/2} (x - 3/2)$$

Worksheet 1

